# Cisco ACE 4710 Application Control Engine

### **Product Overview**

The Cisco<sup>®</sup> ACE 4710 Application Control Engine represents the next generation of application switches for maximizing the availability, acceleration, and security of data center applications.

The Cisco ACE 4710 allows enterprises to accomplish four primary IT objectives for application delivery:

- Maximize application availability
- Accelerate application performance
- · Secure data center and applications
- · Facilitate data center consolidation through fewer servers, load balancers, and data center firewalls

The Cisco ACE 4710 achieves these goals through a broad set of intelligent Layer 4 load balancing and Layer 7 content switching technologies integrated with leading-edge acceleration and security capabilities. A primary design element of the Cisco ACE 4710 is its use of virtualized architecture and role-based administration to streamline and reduce the cost of operations involved in rolling out, scaling, accelerating, and protecting applications.

To maximize application availability, the Cisco ACE 4710 uses best-in-class application switching algorithms coupled with highly available system software and hardware.

The Cisco ACE 4710 provides best-in-industry scalability and throughput for managing application traffic, up to 4 Gbps in a one-rack-unit (1RU) form factor, upgradeable through software licenses, thus providing IT with long-term investment protection and scalability.

Additionally, through its innovative virtualization and role-based access control capabilities, the Cisco ACE 4710 enables IT to provision and deliver a broad range of multiple applications from a single Cisco ACE appliance, bringing increased scalability for application provisioning to the data center.

The Cisco ACE 4710 greatly improves server efficiency through highly flexible application traffic management and the offloading of CPU-intensive tasks such as Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) encryption and decryption processing, HTTP compression, and TCP session management.

The Cisco ACE platform is designed to serve as a last line of defense for servers and applications in data centers. The Cisco ACE appliance performs deep packet inspection and blocks malicious attacks. An integrated firewall enables IT professionals to comprehensively secure high-value applications in the data center and facilitates consolidation in the data center (Figure 1).





By combining high application performance with a comprehensive set of state-of-the-art application delivery features, the Cisco ACE 4710 promotes greater IT efficiency and reduces the total cost of ownership (TCO).

Figure 2 shows the Cisco ACE 4710 appliance.

Figure 2. Cisco ACE 4710 Appliance



### Features and Benefits

Table 1 summarizes the features and benefits of the Cisco ACE 4710.

Table 1. Features and Benefits
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Feature	Benefit
Availability	
Application switching	The Cisco ACE 4710 represents the next generation of application switches, delivering tightly integrated, essential application service functions in a single powerful system.
	It provides load-balancing and content switching functions with granular traffic control based on customizable Layer 4 through 7 rules.
	<ul> <li>Intelligent device load balancing: Cisco ACE provides support for Domain Name System (DNS), cache, transparent caches, firewalls, intrusion detection system (IDS), intrusion prevention system (IPS), VPNs, and SSL VPN.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Generic protocol parsing (GPP): Cisco ACE has native understanding of the following protocols: HTTP, FTP, DNS Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), Real-Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP), Extended RTSP, RADIUS, and Microsoft Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The Cisco ACE GPP feature enables you to configure application switching and persistence policies based on any information in the traffic payload for custom and packaged applications without requiring any programming.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The Cisco ACE performs payload parsing through hardware using a powerful regular expression (regexp) engine t obtain maximum performance, unlike other software-based solutions.</li> </ul>
	• HTTP header manipulation: Cisco ACE supports the capability to modify, insert, or delete HTTP headers in both client requests and server responses.
	• Partial server farm failover: Cisco ACE provides the capability to determine which server farm (primary or backup) receives new traffic based on the number of available real servers (rservers).
	• TCP dump: Cisco ACE can capture real-time packet information for the network traffic that passes through the Cisc ACE for enhanced troubleshooting.
	• Source network address translation (NAT) for virtual IP: Source NAT for virtual IP allows user to include a virtual IP address in the NAT pool for dynamic NAT and port address translation (PAT), with the result that real-world IP addresses are saved on the client-side network.
	• Source NAT for server farm: Source NAT can be provided on a backup server farm multiple hops away during the failure of a primary server farm, resulting in continuous application availability.
	• Flexible network deployment: Cisco ACE can be configured in the following modes:
	<ul> <li>Routed mode: Cisco ACE can be configured to route the traffic when the client-side and server-side VLANs are or different subnets.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Bridge mode: Cisco ACE can be configured to bridge traffic when the client-side and server-side VLANs are on the same subnets.</li> </ul>
	• Asymmetric server normalization (ASN): Cisco ACE can load balance an initial request from the client to a real server; however, the server directly responds to the client, bypassing Cisco ACE.
Predictors	Cisco ACE performs a series of checks and calculations to determine the server that can best service each client request according to the load-balancing algorithm or predictor. Cisco ACE uses the following predictors to select the best server to satisfy a client request:
	Adaptive response
	Least loaded
	Least bandwidth
	Least connections
	Round-robin
	Hash address
	Hash cookie
	Hash header
	Hash URL
Persistence and stickiness	Cisco ACE provides stickiness that allows the same client to maintain multiple simultaneous or subsequent TCP or IP connections with the same real server for the duration of a session. Cisco ACE supports the following sticky methods:
	Source or destination IP address
	Cookie
	HTTP header, and Generic Protocol Parsing for session level persistence such as SSL session ID

Feature	Benefit
Redundancy	<ul> <li>Provides system and session redundancy, with the capability to switch over automatically to a redundant Cisco ACE upon system or network failure; failover happens automatically, with no human intervention</li> </ul>
	• Provides stateful failover capabilities to help ensure resilient network protection for enterprise network environments
	<ul> <li>Supports active-standby and active-active redundancy topologies with configuration synchronization</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Enables businesses to perform software maintenance release upgrades on Cisco ACE and servers without affecting network uptime or connections</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Allows stateful redundancy to be enabled on a per-virtual-device basis, isolating a failure to its specific virtual device; a failover event in one virtual device does not affect operation of other virtual devices</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Integrates with the Cisco Global Site Selector (GSS) software to provide a multiple data center failover system</li> </ul>
Server health monitoring	To instruct Cisco ACE to check the health of servers and server farms, user can configure health probes (sometimes referred to as keepalives). The following probes are supported: • ICMP
	• TCP
	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
	ECHO {tcp   udp}     Finger
	• HTTP
	• HTTPS
	• FTP
	Telnet
	• DNS
	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
	Internet Mail Access Protocol (IMAP)
	Post Office Protocol (POP)
	RADIUS
	Scripted
	Keepalive Application Protocol (KAL-AP)
	• RTSP
	• SIP
	HTTP return-code parsing
	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) probes
Performance	
Application latency	Dramatically improves the end user application experience by reducing latency and the number of roundtrips required
reduction	for application access
	<ul> <li>Eliminates unnecessary browser cache validation requests and provides automatic embedded object version management at the server, resulting in significantly improved application response times for application users</li> </ul>
Caching	Caching directly offloads server requests for frequently requested static objects such as images and applets. This feature is fully configurable and enhances overall application performance and transaction throughput.
	Cisco ACE delivers a high-performance caching architecture to enable several of its patent-pending optimizations, including delta optimization and FlashForward object acceleration.
	Dynamic caching technology further accelerates enterprise application performance and improves server system scalability by enabling the Cisco ACE to fulfill requests for dynamic content. Using this feature, the offload capabilities begin to offload application servers and even core databases.
	1.5 GB of RAM is available for caching. The memory ships standard with every appliance.
Delta encoding	Delta encoding significantly reduces the amount of data sent to the client by sending only what has changed in HTML content between successive page visits. Cisco ACE can determine exactly what has changed from page to page, to the level of detail of a single byte, and sends only the content that has changed.
Compression	Cisco ACE delivers powerful 2-Gbps hardware-accelerated data compression and provides faster application performance for application users. Both gzip and deflate compression are supported.

Feature	Benefit
SSL acceleration	The Cisco ACE solution integrates SSL acceleration technology, which offloads the encryption and decryption of SSL traffic from external devices (servers, appliances, etc.), thereby allowing the Cisco ACE to look more deeply into encrypted data and apply security and application switching policies. This enables Cisco ACE to make more intelligent policy decisions and also helps ensure that your application-delivery platform complies with internal and external regulations.
	With reencryption capabilities, Cisco ACE SSL acceleration offering helps ensure end-to-end encryption of sensitive data while providing the capability to apply intelligent policies. The following SSL features are supported: SSL termination and initiation, SSL Version 3.0, Transport Layer Security (TLS) Version 1.0, back-end SSL, exportable Rivest, Shamir, and Adelman (RSA) cipher suites, session ID stickiness, SSL URL rewrite (HTTP header rewrite), session ID reuse, client authentication, strong RSA cipher suites, and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) cipher suites.
	<ul> <li>SSL accelerated protocols: HTTPS, Secure IMAP (IMAPS), Secure Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAPS), Secure Network News Transfer Protocol (NNTPS), Secure POP Version 3 (POP3S), and Secure Telnet (STELNET)</li> </ul>
	• SSL accelerated ciphers: rsa-with-rc4-128-md5, rsa-with-rc4-128-sha, rsa-with-des-cbc-sha, rsa-with-3des-ede-cbc-sha, rsa-export-with-rc4-40-md5, rsa-export-with-des40-cbc-sha, rsa-export1024-with-rc4-56-md5, sa-export1024-with-des-cbc-sha, rsa-export1024-with-rc4-56-sha rsa-with-aes-128-cbc-sha, and rsa-with-aes-256-cbc-sha
	• Public key exchange algorithm: RSA 512-bit, 768-bit, 1024-bit, 1536-bit, and 2048-bit
	Digital certificates: All major digital certificates from certificate authorities, including the following: VeriSign, Entrust, Netscape iPlanet, Windows 2000 Certificate Server, Thawte, Equifax, and Genuity
TCP offload	Cisco ACE directs website traffic in the most efficient manner by analyzing and directing incoming traffic at the request level. TCP offload breaks the dependency between application requests and the transport layer. It multiplexes and demultiplexes application level requests onto persistent connections set up to back-end servers. It keeps client and server TCP connections alive, independent of each other, and reuses TCP connections. These capabilities enable granular application layer policy and offload TCP processing from the web servers, saving CPU cycles.
Security	
Data center security	The Cisco ACE is designed to serve as a last line of defense for servers and applications in data centers. The data center security protects against protocol and denial-of-service (DoS) attacks and encrypts mission-critical content. The Cisco ACE data center security capabilities protect the data center and critical applications from malicious traffic with the following features:
	<ul> <li>HTTP deep packet inspection: HTTP header, URL, and payload</li> </ul>
	Bidirectional NAT and PAT
	<ul> <li>Support for static, dynamic, and policy-based NAT and PAT.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Access control lists (ACLs) to selectively allow traffic between ports</li> </ul>
	TCP connection state tracking
	Virtual connection state for UDP
	Sequence number randomization
	TCP header validation
	TCP window size checking
	<ul> <li>Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (URPF) checking at session establishment</li> </ul>
	ACL object grouping
	<ul> <li>TCP SYN cookies, providing distributed DoS (DDoS) protection.</li> </ul>
	Rate limiting capabilities that can be applied to a set of real servers, virtual servers, or both
Application security	Multicore CPU-accelerated protocol control offers efficient inspection, filtering, and fixing of popular data center protocols such as HTTP, RTSP, DNS, FTP, ICMP, SIP, Skinny Client Control Protocol (SCCP), and LDAP.
	Cisco ACE provides deep protocol inspection capabilities, which enables IT professionals to comprehensively secure high-value applications in the data center. It secures mission-critical applications and protects against identity theft, data theft, application disruption, and fraud and defends web-based applications and transactions against targeted attacks by professional hackers.

Feature	Benefit
Virtualized Services	
Virtual devices	Virtual devices provide a means for creating resource segmentation and isolation, allowing the Cisco ACE appliance to act as if were several individual virtual appliances within a single physical appliance. Virtual devices enable organizatio to provide defined levels of service to up to 20 business organizations, applications, or customers and partners from a single Cisco ACE appliance. Complete separation of the following:
	Configuration files
	Management interfaces     Application rule acts
	Application rule sets
	Customized, guaranteed resources per application for the following:
	Throughput     Connections not second
	Connections per second
	Capability to limit and manage the allocation of the following Cisco ACE resources:
	ACL memory     Duffers for surface and TCD surface (COO) assessments
	<ul> <li>Buffers for syslog messages and TCP out-of-order (OOO) segments</li> <li>Concurrent connections (traffic through the Cisco ACE)</li> </ul>
	Management connections (traffic to the Cisco ACE)
	Proxy connections
	<ul> <li>Setting of resource limit as a rate (number per second)</li> </ul>
	Regexp memory
	SSL connections
	Sticky entries
	Static or dynamic network address translations (xlates)
	RBA (Figure 3) allows organizations to specify administrative roles and restrict administrators to specific functions within
Role-based administration (RBA)	the appliance or virtual devices. Because multiple administrators within an organization may want to interact with the Cisco ACE appliance at different levels (application administration, server administration, network administration, secul administration, etc.), it is important to be able to define these administrator roles, allowing each administrator group to freely perform its tasks while not affecting the other groups. Cisco ACE provides the following predefined roles that cannot be deleted or modified:
	<ul> <li>Admin: This role gives a user complete access to and control over all the objects in virtual devices. A context administrator can create, configure, and modify any object in that context, including policies, roles, domains, server farms, and real servers.</li> </ul>
	• Network Admin: This role provides complete access to and control over the following features: interfaces, routing, connection parameters, NAT, virtual IP copy configurations, and the change to command.
	<ul> <li>Network-Monitor: This role provides access only to all show commands and the change to command. If you do n explicitly assign a role to a user with the username command, this is the default role.</li> </ul>
	• Security-Admin: This role has complete access to and control over the following security-related features within a context: ACLs; application inspection; connection parameters; interfaces; authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA); NAT; copy configurations; and the <b>change to</b> command.
	• Server-AppIn-Maintenance: This role has complete access to and control over the following features: real servers server farms, load balancing, copy configurations, and the change to command.
	• Server-Maintenance: This role has access to real-server maintenance, monitoring, and debugging:
	<ul> <li>Real servers: Modify permission</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Server farms: Debug permission</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Virtual IPs: Debug permission</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Probes: Debug permission</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Load balancing: Debug permission</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Change to command: Create permission</li> </ul>
	• <b>SLB-Admin:</b> This role has complete access to and control over the following Cisco ACE features within a context: real servers, server farms, virtual IPs, probes, load balancing (Layers 3, 4, and 7), NAT, interfaces, copy configurations, and the <b>change to</b> command.
	• SSL-Admin: This role is the administrator for all SSL features:
	SSL: Create permission
	Public key infrastructure (PKI): Create permission
	Interfaces: Modify permission
	Copy configurations: Create permission
	Change to command: Create permission
	In addition to the preceding default roles, new roles can be created to adapt to different organization structures.

Feature	Benefit	
Deployment and Managem	Deployment and Management	
Function consolidation	By consolidating the functions of application switching, SSL acceleration, data center security, and more on one device, the Cisco ACE derives significant multipliers from bits per second (bps) to packets per second (pps), while reducing application latency. With consolidation of functions, a TCP flow is terminated only once instead of at four or more places across the network, saving time, processing power, and memory.	
	The encryption and decryption, load-balancing decision, security check, and business policy assignments and validations are all performed at a single point in the network to achieve better application performance, with fewer devices, simpler network designs, and easier management.	
Investment protection	By default, the Cisco ACE 4710 supports virtualization with one administrator device and five user devices, 1-Gbps bandwidth, 1000 SSL transactions per second (TPS), and 100 Mbps of compression. The solution can be expanded without the need for new equipment, through the following software license upgrades:	
	• Throughput: The default throughput of 1 Gbps can be increased to 2 or 4 Gbps.	
	• Virtual devices: The number of virtual devices can be increased from 5 to 20 virtual devices.	
	• SSL TPS: The SSL TPS value can be increased from 1000 to 5000 or 7500 TPS.	
	<ul> <li>Compression: Compression can be increased to 500 Mbps or 1 or 2 Gbps of throughput.</li> </ul>	
	Application acceleration: Application acceleration is a licensable option.	
Cisco Application Networking Manager (ANM)	Cisco ANM supports the management of virtual devices and hierarchical management domains across multiple Cisco ACE appliances. This server-based management suite discovers, provisions, monitors, and reports across many virtual devices on multiple Cisco ACE appliances, making deployment transparent. Template-based configuration and auditing complement service activation and suspension capabilities to enable quick implementation of applications. Configurable RBA delegation of tasks with a matching service API allows concurrent operation by multiple administrator groups across many Cisco ACE appliances and virtual devices.	

### Figure 3. Cisco ACE Virtual Devices and RBA



### **Product Specifications**

Table 2 presents the performance specifications for the Cisco ACE 4710.

Table 2.	Product	Performance	Specifications
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Feature	Maximum Performance or Configuration	
Global Parameters		
Throughput	0.5, 1, 2, or 4 Gbps	
Compression	1 or 2 Gbps (using GZIP or Deflate)	
Syslogs per second	120,000	
ACL items	Up to 40,000	
NAT entries	Up to 64,000 NAT translate, 1,000,000 PAT	
Virtual devices	5 virtual devices included in base price; upgradeable to 20 virtual devices	
Total VLANs	1024	
Probes	4000 instances of up to 1000 uniquely defined probes - ICMP, TCP, UDP, Echo, Finger, DNS, Telnet, FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, SMTP, POP3, IMAP, RADIUS, SIP, RTSP, SNMP, KAL-AP, and scripted	
SSL Performance		
SSL throughput	1 Gbps	
SSL TPS	1000 TPS included in base price; upgradeable to 5000 TPS and 7500 SSL TPS	
Application Switching Performance		
Maximum connections per second	120,000 complete transactions sustained rate	
Concurrent connections	1,000,000	
Application Switching Configuration		
Virtual servers	1024	
Server farms	1000	
Real servers	4000	
Sticky table entries	800,000	
Web Application Acceleration Performance		
Advanced application acceleration features	Advanced application acceleration features of ACE 4710 enable effective use of web browser cache to reduce number of HTTP responses necessary to view a web page.	

Table 3 presents the product specifications for the Cisco ACE 4710.

### Table 3. Product Specifications

Item	Specification
Chassis	1RU appliance
	• W x D x H: 16.9 x 20 x 1.67 in. (42.4 x 430 x 509 mm)
Network ports	4 10/100/1000 Ethernet ports
Management	Embedded browser-based GUI and SNMP
Typical Operating Power	128 watts (W)
Max. Power	345 watts (W)
Flash memory	1 GB
Ambient temperature	104ፑ (40℃)
Relative humidity	80%
Acoustics	< 68 dBA

Item	Specification
Certifications	• FCC
	• CE
	VCCI
	BSMI BMC
	C-tick
	BSMI RPC
	UL and cUL
	• CCC
	• MIC
	<ul> <li>BSMI Safety Report and BSMI RPC Certificate</li> </ul>

## **Ordering Information**

Table 4 presents part numbers for ordering, and Table 5 presents product IDs.

Part Number	Departmetion	
	Description	
Bundles and Upgrades	Description	
ACE-4710-BAS-2PAK	1G 2 Pack Bundle: Includes two units each of ACE 4710 Hardware, 1 Gbps Throughput, 1000 SSL TPS, 100 Mbps Compression, 5 Virtual Devices, 50 Application Acceleration Connection License, Embedded Device Manager	
ACE-4710-0.5F-K9	0.5G Bundle: Includes ACE 4710 Hardware, 0.5 Gbps Throughput, 100 SSL TPS, 100 Mbps Compression, 5 Virtual Devices, 50 Application Acceleration Connection License, Embedded Device Manager	
ACE-4710-1F-K9	1G Bundle: Includes ACE 4710 Hardware, 1 Gbps Throughput, 5,000 SSL TPS, 500 Mbps Compression, 5 Virtual Devices, 50 Application Acceleration Connection License, Embedded Device Manager	
ACE-4710-2F-K9	2G Bundle: Includes ACE 4710 Hardware, 2 Gbps Throughput, 7,500 SSL TPS, 1Gbps Compression, 5 Virtual Devices, 50 Application Acceleration Connection License, Embedded Device Manager	
ACE-4710-4F-K9	4G Bundle: Includes ACE 4710 Hardware, 4 Gbps Throughput, 7,500 SSL TPS, 2Gbps Compression, 5 Virtual Devices, 50 Application Acceleration Connection License, Embedded Device Manager	
ACE-4710-BUN-UP1=	0.5G Bundle to 1G Bundle Upgrade License: Includes 1-Gbps throughput license, 5000-TPS SSL license, 500- Mbps compression license, 5-virtual devices license, 50 Application acceleration conn. license	
ACE-4710-BUN-UP2=	1G Bundle to 2G Bundle Upgrade License: Includes 2-Gbps throughput license, 7500-TPS SSL license, 1-Gbps compression license, 5-virtual devices license, 50 Application acceleration conn. license	
ACE-4710-BUN-UP3=	2G Bundle to 4G Bundle Upgrade License: Includes 4-Gbps throughput license, 7500-TPS SSL license, 2-Gbps compression license, 5-virtual devices license, 50 Application acceleration conn. license	
Individual Licenses	Description	
ACE-AP-02-LIC	2 Gbps Throughput License	
ACE-AP-04-LIC	4 Gbps Throughput License	
ACE-AP-04-UP1=	Throughput upgrade license from 1 Gbps to 4 Gbps	
ACE-AP-04-UP2=	Throughput upgrade license from 2 Gbps to 4 Gbps	
ACE-AP-SSL-05K-K9	SSL 5,000 TPS License	
ACE-AP-SSL-7K-K9	SSL 7,500 TPS License	
ACE-AP-VIRT-020	20 Virtual Context License	
ACE-AP-C-500-LIC	500 Mbps Compression License	
ACE-AP-C-1000-LIC	1 Gbps Compression License	
ACE-AP-C-2000-LIC	2 Gbps Compression License	
ACE-AP-OPT-LIC-K9	Application Acceleration License	
ACE-AP-SSL-UP1-K9=	ACE SSL Upgrade from 5,000 to 7,500 TPS	
ACE-AP-C-UP1=	Upgrade Compression From 500 Mbps to 1 Gbps	
ACE-AP-C-UP2=	Upgrade Compression From 500 Mbps to 2 Gbps	
ACE-AP-C-UP3=	Upgrade Compression From 1 Gbps to 2 Gbps	

Product ID	Service Product ID	Service Level
ACE-4710-0.5F-K9	CON-SNT-ACE4710X	Cisco SMARTnet®
ACE-4710-1F-K9	CON-SNT-ACE47101	Cisco SMARTnet®
ACE-4710-2F-K9	CON-SNT-ACE47102	Cisco SMARTnet
ACE-4710-4F-K9	CON-SNT-ACE47104	Cisco SMARTnet
ACE-4710-K9	CON-SNT-ACE4710	Cisco SMARTnet
ACE-4710-1F-K9	CON-SNTE-ACE47101	Cisco SMARTnet Enhanced
ACE-4710-2F-K9	CON-SNTE-ACE47102	Cisco SMARTnet Enhanced
ACE-4710-K9	CON-SNTE-ACE4710	Cisco SMARTnet Enhanced
ACE-4710-1F-K9	CON-SNTP-ACE47101	Cisco SMARTnet Premium
ACE-4710-2F-K9	CON-SNTP-ACE47102	Cisco SMARTnet Premium
ACE-4710-K9	CON-SNTP-ACE4710	Cisco SMARTnet Premium
ACE-4710-1F-K9	CON-S2P-ACE47101	Cisco SMARTnet 2-Hour Premium
ACE-4710-2F-K9	CON-S2P-ACE47102	Cisco SMARTnet 2-Hour Premium
ACE-4710-K9	CON-S2P-ACE4710	Cisco SMARTnet 2-Hour Premium
ACE-AP-01-LIC	CON-SAU-ACP01GL	Cisco Software Application Support plus Upgrades (SASU)
ACE-AP-02-LIC	CON-SAU-ACP02GL	Cisco SASU
ACE-AP-02-LIC=		
ACE-AP-04-LIC=		
ACE-AP-VIRT-020	CON-SAU-ACPVI020	Cisco SASU
ACE-AP-VIRT-020=		
ACE-AP-OPT-LIC-K9	CON-SAU-ACP-OPT	Cisco SASU
ACE-AP-OPT-LIC-K9=		

#### Table 5. Service Product IDs

### **For More Information**

For more information about the Cisco ACE 4710, visit <u>http://www.cisco.com/go/ace</u> or contact your local account representative.



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